

Journée des Jeunes Talents de la Chimie en Ile-de-France 2017, Juin 19, Paris, France.

## From Fundamental interaction in Solution to the Design of Hybrid Polyoxometalate-based Materials.

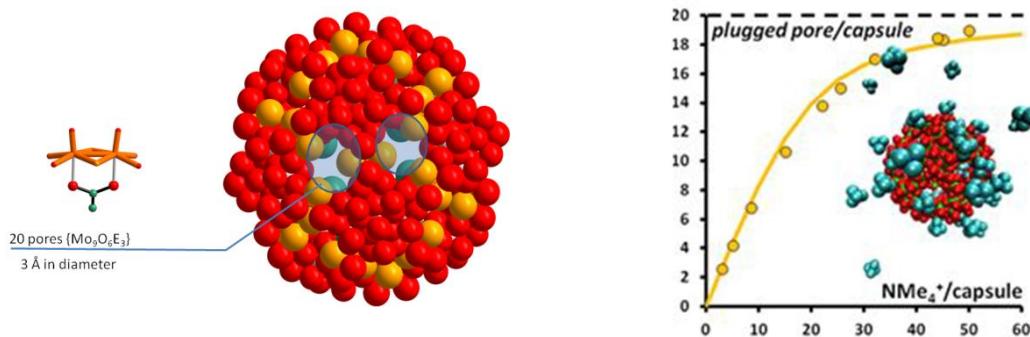
Nancy Watfa,<sup>†</sup> Mohamed Haouas,<sup>†</sup> Akram Hijazi,<sup>‡</sup> Francis Taulelle,<sup>†</sup> Daoud Naoufal,<sup>‡</sup> Sébastien Floquet<sup>†</sup> and Emmanuel Cadot<sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup>Institut Lavoisier de Versailles UMR 8180, Université de Versailles Saint-Quentin, 78035 Versailles, France.

<sup>‡</sup> Université Libanaise, Laboratoire de Chimie de Coordination Inorganique et Organométallique, Campus Universitaire R. Hariri, Faculté des Sciences, Beyrouth, Hadath, Lebanon.

Email: emmanuel.cadot@uvsq.fr      sebastien.floquet@uvsq.fr      nancy\_watfa87@hotmail.com

Herein, we report the use of <sup>1</sup>H DOSY NMR methodology to track the interaction between an inorganic multireceptor capsule, referring to the well-defined large polyoxometalate (POM) such as the spherical Keplerate-type {Mo<sub>132</sub>} ion and a series of organic cation (including tetraalkylammonium). The obtained results reveal a strong dependence of the self-diffusion coefficient of the cationic guests balancing from the solvated to the plugging situations. Quantitative analysis of the data based on two-site exchange regime, involving the 20 independent {Mo<sub>9</sub>O<sub>9</sub>} receptors of the capsule, allowed determining the stability constants associated to the plugging process of the pores. Surprisingly, the affinity of the capsule for a series of cationic guests increases continuously with its apolar character as shown from the signification change of the stability constant from 370 to 6500 for NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> and NEt<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>, respectively. Such observations, supported by thermodynamic parameters, evidence that the major factor dictating selectivity in the trapping process is mainly the so-called “hydrophobic effect”.<sup>[1]</sup> Understanding the nature of the interaction between POM and organic cation allowed us designing of POM-hybrid materials which exhibit liquid crystalline properties.<sup>[2,3]</sup>



### References:

1. N. Watfa, D. Melgar, M. Haouas, F. Taulelle, A. Hijazi, D. Naoufal, J. B. Avalos, S. Floquet, C. Bo, E. Cadot, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2015, 137, 5845-5851.
2. N. Watfa, S. Floquet, E. Terazzi, M. Haouas, W. Salomon, V.S. Korenev, F. Taulelle, L. Guénée, A. Hijazi, D. Naoufal, C. Piguet, E. Cadot, *Soft Matter*. 2015, 11,1087-1099.
3. N. Watfa, S. Floquet, E. Terazzi, W. Salomon, L. Guénée, A. Hijazi, D. Naoufal, C. Piguet, E. Cadot, *Inorganics*, 2015, 3, 246-266.